SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sample Agent Stainless Steel Spray 750 ml 14-07016
Material number : 08876607Z

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

This information is not available.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : ECKART GmbH
Güntersthal 4
91235 Hartenstein

Telephone : +49 9152 770
Telefax : +49 9152 777008
E-mail address : msds.eckart@altana.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

GBK Gefahrgut Büro GmbH, Ingelheim, Germany:
From outside US: (001) 352-323-3500
(First call in English, response in your language is possible)
US & Canada (toll free) : 1-800-5355-053

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Classification

: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2, H315
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1, H318
Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3,
Respiratory system, Central nervous system, H335H336
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2,
H373

GHS-Labelling
Symbol(s):  

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H318: Causes serious eye damage.
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open
flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye
protection/ face protection.

Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously
with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a
POISON CENTER/doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/
attention.
P321 Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid
instructions on this label).
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or
alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

**Hazardous components which must be listed on the label**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identification</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Classification and labelling</th>
<th>Concentration [%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate</td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>Flam.; Liq.; 3; H226</td>
<td>20 - 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>204-658-1</td>
<td>STOT SE; 3; H336</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>Flam.; Liq.; 3; H226</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>215-535-7</td>
<td>Eye Irrit.; 2A; H319</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE; 3; H335</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT RE; 2; H373</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Asp. Tox.; 1; H304</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox.; 4; H312</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox.; 4; H332</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Irrit.; 2; H315</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- Substance name: WS EDELSTAHL-SPRAY HELL
- Substance No.: 

**Hazardous components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No. EINECS-No.</th>
<th>Classification and labelling</th>
<th>Concentration [%]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate</td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>Flam. Liq.; 3; H226</td>
<td>20 - 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>204-658-1</td>
<td>STOT SE; 3; H336</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>Flam. Liq.; 3; H226</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>215-535-7</td>
<td>Eye Irrit.; 2A; H319</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE; 3; H335</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT RE; 2; H373</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Asp. Tox.; 1; H304</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox.; 4; H312</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox.; 4; H332</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Skin Irrit.; 2; H315</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance</td>
<td>UN Number/EC Number</td>
<td>H-Statements</td>
<td>Concentration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6 205-500-4</td>
<td>Flam. Liq.;2;H225 Eye Irrit.;2A;H319 STOT SE;3;H336</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone</td>
<td>67-64-1 200-662-2</td>
<td>Flam. Liq.;2;H225 Acute Tox.;5;H303 Acute Tox.;5;H313 Eye Irrit.;2A;H319 STOT SE;3;H336</td>
<td>10 - 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>butan-1-ol</td>
<td>71-36-3 200-751-6</td>
<td>Flam. Liq.;3;H226 ;2;H315 ;1;H318 STOT SE;3;H335, H336</td>
<td>3 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ethylbenzene</td>
<td>100-41-4 202-849-4</td>
<td>Flam. Liq.;2;H225 Acute Tox.;4;H332 STOT RE;2;H373 Asp. Tox.;1;H304</td>
<td>1 - 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chromium</td>
<td>7440-47-3 231-157-5</td>
<td>Aquatic Chronic;4;H413</td>
<td>1 - 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nickel</td>
<td>7440-02-0 231-111-4</td>
<td>Skin Sens.;1;H317 Carc.;2;H351 STOT RE;1;H372 Aquatic Chronic;3;H412</td>
<td>0.25 - 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.
SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Consult a physician after significant exposure. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician. If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tissue damage and blindness. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This information is not available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

This information is not available.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Further information: Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored separately in closed containments. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.
6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

This information is not available.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Advice on protection against: Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No smoking. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Other data: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

This information is not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Germany:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters</th>
<th>Update</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate</td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>AGW</td>
<td>62 ppm 300 mg/m³</td>
<td>2012-09-13</td>
<td>DE TRGS 900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)</td>
<td>2;(I)</td>
<td></td>
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</table>
### Further information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>TWA/MC</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Directive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
<td>2000-06-16</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>221 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Further information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>STEL/TEA/WS</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Directive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>2000-06-16</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>442 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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</table>

Further information

Identifies the possibility of significant uptake through the skin.

Indicative

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>AGW</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Directive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>xylene</td>
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<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>2010-08-04</td>
<td>DE TRGS 900</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>440 mg/m³</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)** 2; (II)

Further information

Senate commission for the review of compounds at the workplace dangerous for the health (MAK-commission). European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations in value and peak limit are possible)

Skin absorption

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>AGW</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Directive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>2017-06-08</td>
<td>DE TRGS 900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>730 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)** 2; (I)

Further information

Senate commission for the review of compounds at the workplace dangerous for the health (MAK-commission). European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations in value and peak limit are possible)

When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>STEL/TEA/WS</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Directive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ethyl acetate</td>
<td>141-78-6</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td>2017-02-01</td>
<td>2017/164/EU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1 468 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Further information | Indicative
---|---
ethy acetate | TWA | 200 ppm 734 mg/m3 | 2017-02-01 | 2017/164/EU

Further information | Indicative
acetone | TWA | 500 ppm 1 210 mg/m3 | 2000-06-16 | 2000/39/EC

Further information | Indicative
acetone | AGW | 500 ppm 1 200 mg/m3 | 2015-03-02 | DE TRGS 900

Peak-limit: excursion factor (category) | 2;(I)

Further information | Commission for dangerous substancesSenate commission for the review of compounds at the work place dangerous for the health (MAK-commission).European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations in value and peak limit are possible)When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child

iron | AGW (Inhalable fraction) | 10 mg/m3 | 2014-04-02 | DE TRGS 900

Peak-limit: excursion factor (category) | 2;(II)

Further information | Commission for dangerous substancesSenate commission for the review of compounds at the work place dangerous for the health (MAK-commission).

iron | AGW (Alveolate fraction) | 1,25 mg/m3 | 2014-04-02 | DE TRGS 900

Peak-limit: excursion factor (category) | 2;(II)

Further information | Commission for dangerous substancesSenate commission for the review of compounds at the work place dangerous for the health (MAK-commission).

butan-1-ol | AGW | 100 ppm 310 mg/m3 | 2006-01-01 | DE TRGS 900
### Sample Agent Stainless Steel Spray 750 ml 14-07016

**Version 2.1**  
**Revision Date 20.12.2018**  
**Print Date 24.12.2018**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>TWA/STEL/AGW</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Date of Regulation</th>
<th>EU Directive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ethylbenzene</strong></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
<td>2000-06-16</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
<td>2000-06-16</td>
<td>2000/39/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AGW</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
<td>2015-11-06</td>
<td>DE TRGS 900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chromium</strong></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>2006-02-09</td>
<td>2006/15/EC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AGW (Inhalable fraction)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>2007-12-27</td>
<td>DE TRGS 900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Further information**

- **Ethylbenzene**  
  - **Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)**: 1;(I)  
  - Senate commission for the review of compounds at the workplace dangerous for the health (MAK-commission). When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child.  
  - **Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)**: 2;(II)  
  - European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations in value and peak limit are possible) Skin absorption: When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child.

**Chromium**  
- **Peak-limit: excursion factor (category)**: 1;(I)  
- European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations...
chromium 7440-47-3 | TWA | 2 mg/m³ | 2006-02-09 | 2006/15/EC

Further information | Indicative

Peak-limit: excursion factor (category) | 1;(I)

Further information | European Union (The EU has established a limit value: deviations in value and peak limit are possible) The threshold value is based on the element content of the corresponding metal.

nickel 7440-02-0 | TWA | 0,5 mg/m³ | DE TRGS 900

nickel 7440-02-0 | AGW (Alveolate fraction) | 0,006 mg/m³ | 2015-11-06 | DE TRGS 900

Peak-limit: excursion factor (category) | 8;(II)

Further information | Commission for dangerous substances The threshold value is based on the element content of the corresponding metal. When there is compliance with the OEL and biological tolerance values, there is no risk of harming the unborn child Substance sensitizing through the skin

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye protection**: Eye wash bottle with pure water

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing problems.

**Hand protection**

**Remarks**: The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed
with the producers of the protective gloves.

Skin and body protection: Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Respiratory protection: In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

**Environmental exposure controls**

**General advice**

Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

---

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

- **Appearance**: liquid
- **Colour**: silver
- **Odour**: characteristic
- **pH**: No data available
- **Freezing point**: No data available
- **Boiling point/boiling range**: 55 °C
- **Flash point**: -19 °C
- **Bulk density**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: No data available
- **Auto-flammability**: No data available
Upper explosion limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Density : ca. 0.95 g/cm³
Water solubility : No data available
Miscibility with water : immiscible
Solubility in other solvents : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Ignition temperature : No data available
Thermal decomposition : No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : > 21 mm²/s (40 °C)
Flow time : 12 - 16 s at 20 °C
Cross section: 4 mm
Method: DIN 53211

9.2 Other information
No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability
No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Hazardous decomposition products : No data available
Other information : No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components:
oxylene :
Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 1 100 mg/kg
Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

ethyl acetate :
Acute oral toxicity : Rat: 5 620 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 Rat: 56 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: > 18 000 mg/kg

acetone:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: 4 700 - 5 800 mg/kg

Mouse: 3 000 mg/kg
Rat: 9 800 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 Rat: 76 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: > 2 000 mg/kg

butan-1-ol:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate : 500 mg/kg
    Method: Converted acute toxicity point estimate

Ethylbenzene:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Rat: 3 500 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: 5 000 mg/kg

Chromium:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral : > 5 000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 : > 5,41 mg/l
    Exposure time: 4 h
    Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Nickel:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral : 9 000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product
Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product
May cause irreversible eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product
Causes sensitisation.

Carcinogenicity
No data available

Toxicity to reproduction/fertility
No data available

Reprod.Tox./Development/Teratogenicity
No data available

STOT - single exposure
No data available

STOT - repeated exposure
No data available

Aspiration toxicity
No data available

Further information
Product
Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting., Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects., Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:
- ethyl acetate (141-78-6) :
  Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : (Daphnia (water flea)): 717 mg/l
- acetone (67-64-1) :
  Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 21 600 mg/l
- nickel (7440-02-0) :

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability
No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
No data available

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:
Additional ecological information: No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.
Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>:</th>
<th>1263</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TDG</td>
<td>:</td>
<td>1263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFR</td>
<td>:</td>
<td>1263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
<td>:</td>
<td>1263</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
14.2 Proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT
TDG : PAINT
CFR : PAINT
IMDG : PAINT
IATA : PAINT

14.3 Transport hazard class

ADR : 3
TDG : 3
CFR : 3
IMDG : 3
IATA : 3

14.4 Packing group

ADR
Packaging group : II
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 33
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

TDG
Packaging group : II
Labels : 3

CFR
Packaging group : II
Labels : 3
IMDG
Packaging group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Number : F-E, S-E

IATA
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 364
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 353
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y341
Packaging group : II
Labels : 3

14.5 Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibition/Restriction
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable
15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H225 : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
H303 : May be harmful if swallowed.
H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.
H313 : May be harmful in contact with skin.
H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.
H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413 : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.